

REF	Σ	SYSTEM
03255751 190	100	Elecsys 2010 MODULAR ANALYTICS E170 cobas e 411 cobas e 601 cobas e 602

For USA: Elecsys ACTH Test System

English

System information

For Elecsys 2010 and **cobas e 411** analyzers: test number 080
 For MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, **cobas e 601** and **cobas e 602** analyzers: Application Code Number 162

Intended use

Immunoassay for the in vitro quantitative determination of adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH) in human EDTA plasma.

The electrochemiluminescence immunoassay "ECLIA" is intended for use on Elecsys and **cobas e** immunoassay analyzers.

Summary

Adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH) or corticotropin is a peptide hormone consisting of 39 amino acids. It is produced in the anterior pituitary of the brain as part of the precursor molecule pro-opiomelanocortin (POMC). Tissue-specific cleavage results in ACTH and a range of related peptides.^{1,2} ACTH stimulates formation and secretion of glucocorticoids (especially cortisol) by the adrenal cortex.

The glucocorticoid production is regulated by various factors.^{3,4,5,6} After stimulation (e.g. by physical effort or by the internal body clock), the hypothalamus secretes CRH (corticotropin releasing hormone). CRH acts on the pituitary, which in turn synthesizes and secretes ACTH. Finally, ACTH stimulates secretion of the glucocorticoids by the adrenals. High concentrations of glucocorticoids in the blood inhibit secretion of CRH and ACTH via a negative feedback mechanism.

ACTH concentrations show a diurnal variation with high levels in the morning and low levels in the evening. Therefore, as with cortisol, it is important to know the collection time of the plasma sample for interpretation of the results.

Plasma ACTH measurements are useful in the differential diagnosis of pituitary Cushing's disease (ACTH hypersecretion), autonomous ACTH producing pituitary tumors (e.g. Nelson's syndrome), hypopituitarism with ACTH deficiency and ectopic ACTH syndrome.^{7,8} In addition to cortisol measurements, ACTH determinations can be used together with functional or stimulation tests to diagnose the origin of glucocorticoid overproduction. Similarly, ACTH measurements can be employed to facilitate differential diagnosis of adrenocortical insufficiency (Addison's disease).

ACTH not produced by the pituitary gland is known as ectopic ACTH;⁹ this is often associated with small cell carcinoma of the lung. In rare cases ectopic ACTH can be caused by thymic tumors, pancreatic adenocarcinomas, or bronchial carcinoids. These tumors often secrete ACTH precursors (POMC and pro-ACTH).

The Elecsys ACTH assay employs two monoclonal antibodies specific for ACTH (9-12) and for the C-terminal region (ACTH 36-39).

Due to common antigenic structure, the antibodies recognize intact biologically active ACTH 1-39 and the ACTH precursors POMC and pro-ACTH.²

Test principle

Sandwich principle. Total duration of assay: 18 minutes.

- 1st incubation: 50 µL of sample, a biotinylated monoclonal ACTH-specific antibody, and a monoclonal ACTH-specific antibody labeled with a ruthenium complex^{a)} react to form a sandwich complex.
- 2nd incubation: After addition of streptavidin-coated microparticles, the complex becomes bound to the solid phase via interaction of biotin and streptavidin.

- The reaction mixture is aspirated into the measuring cell where the microparticles are magnetically captured onto the surface of the electrode. Unbound substances are then removed with ProCell/ProCell M. Application of a voltage to the electrode then induces chemiluminescent emission which is measured by a photomultiplier.
- Results are determined via a calibration curve which is instrument-specifically generated by 2-point calibration and a master curve provided via the reagent barcode or e-barcode.

a) Tris(2,2'-bipyridyl)ruthenium(II)-complex (Ru(bpy)₃²⁺)

Reagents - working solutions

The reagent rackpack is labeled as ACTH.

- M Streptavidin-coated microparticles (transparent cap), 1 bottle, 6.5 mL:
Streptavidin-coated microparticles 0.72 mg/mL; preservative.
- R1 Anti-ACTH-Ab~biotin (gray cap), 1 bottle, 8 mL:
Biotinylated monoclonal anti-ACTH antibody (mouse) 0.3 mg/L;
MES^{b)} buffer 50 mmol/L, pH 6.2; preservative.
- R2 Anti-ACTH-Ab~Ru(bpy)₃²⁺ (black cap), 1 bottle, 8 mL:
Monoclonal anti-ACTH antibody (mouse) labeled with ruthenium complex 0.3 mg/L; MES buffer 50 mmol/L, pH 6.2; preservative.

b) MES = 2-morpholino-ethane sulfonic acid

Precautions and warnings

For in vitro diagnostic use.

Exercise the normal precautions required for handling all laboratory reagents.

Disposal of all waste material should be in accordance with local guidelines. Safety data sheet available for professional user on request.

For USA: For prescription use only.

Avoid foam formation in all reagents and sample types (specimens, calibrators and controls).

Reagent handling

The reagents in the kit have been assembled into a ready-for-use unit that cannot be separated.

All information required for correct operation is read in from the respective reagent barcodes.

Storage and stability

Store at 2-8 °C.

Do not freeze.

Store the Elecsys reagent kit **upright** in order to ensure complete availability of the microparticles during automatic mixing prior to use.

Stability:	
unopened at 2-8 °C	up to the stated expiration date
after opening at 2-8 °C	12 weeks
on the analyzers	4 weeks

Specimen collection and preparation

Only the specimens listed below were tested and found acceptable.

K₂- and K₃-EDTA plasma, collected using siliconized glass tubes or plastic tubes as ACTH adsorbs to non-siliconized glass tubes and thereby reduces sample ACTH values.² Do not use other types of plasma samples.

Criterion for K₂-EDTA plasma: slope 0.85-1.15 for method comparison vs K₃-EDTA plasma.

Only use pre-cooled sampling vials. After drawing the blood, put the vials immediately on ice. Use a cooled centrifuge to separate the plasma. Measure samples immediately or freeze them at -20 °C.

Stable for 2 hours at 22 °C, 4 weeks at -20 °C. Freeze only once.¹⁰

The sample types listed were tested with a selection of sample collection tubes that were commercially available at the time of testing, i.e. not all available tubes of all manufacturers were tested. Sample collection systems from various manufacturers may contain differing materials which could affect the test results in some cases. When processing samples in primary tubes (sample collection systems), follow the instructions of the tube manufacturer.

Centrifuge samples containing precipitates before performing the assay.

Do not use heat-inactivated samples.

Do not use samples and controls stabilized with azide.

Ensure the samples, calibrators and controls are at 20-25 °C prior to measurement.

Due to possible evaporation effects, samples, calibrators and controls on the analyzers should be analyzed/measured within 2 hours.

Materials provided

See "Reagents – working solutions" section for reagents.

Materials required (but not provided)

- [REF] 03255760190, ACTH CalSet, for 4 x 1 mL
- [REF] 05341787190, PreciControl Multimarker, for 6 x 2 mL
- [REF] 05341787160, PreciControl Multimarker, for 6 x 2 mL (for USA)
- General laboratory equipment
- Elecsys 2010, MODULAR ANALYTICS E170 or **cobas e** analyzer

Accessories for Elecsys 2010 and **cobas e** 411 analyzers:

- [REF] 11662988122, ProCell, 6 x 380 mL system buffer
- [REF] 11662970122, CleanCell, 6 x 380 mL measuring cell cleaning solution
- [REF] 11930346122, Elecsys SysWash, 1 x 500 mL washwater additive
- [REF] 11933159001, Adapter for SysClean
- [REF] 11706802001, AssayCup, 60 x 60 reaction cups
- [REF] 11706799001, AssayTip, 30 x 120 pipette tips
- [REF] 11800507001, Clean-Liner

Accessories for MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, **cobas e** 601 and **cobas e** 602 analyzers:

- [REF] 04880340190, ProCell M, 2 x 2 L system buffer
- [REF] 04880293190, CleanCell M, 2 x 2 L measuring cell cleaning solution
- [REF] 03023141001, PC/CC-Cups, 12 cups to prewarm ProCell M and CleanCell M before use
- [REF] 03005712190, ProbeWash M, 12 x 70 mL cleaning solution for run finalization and rinsing during reagent change
- [REF] 03004899190, PreClean M, 5 x 600 mL detection cleaning solution
- [REF] 12102137001, AssayTip/AssayCup, 48 magazines x 84 reaction cups or pipette tips, waste bags
- [REF] 03023150001, WasteLiner, waste bags
- [REF] 03027651001, SysClean Adapter M

Accessories for all analyzers:

- [REF] 11298500316, ISE Cleaning Solution/Elecsys SysClean, 5 x 100 mL system cleaning solution
- [REF] 11298500160, ISE Cleaning Solution/Elecsys SysClean, 5 x 100 mL system cleaning solution (for USA)

Assay

For optimum performance of the assay follow the directions given in this document for the analyzer concerned. Refer to the appropriate operator's manual for analyzer-specific assay instructions.

Resuspension of the microparticles takes place automatically prior to use. Read in the test-specific parameters via the reagent barcode. If in

exceptional cases the barcode cannot be read, enter the 15-digit sequence of numbers (except for the **cobas e** 602 analyzer).

MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, **cobas e** 601 and **cobas e** 602 analyzers: PreClean M solution is necessary.

Bring the cooled reagents to approximately 20 °C and place on the reagent disk (20 °C) of the analyzer. Avoid foam formation. The system automatically regulates the temperature of the reagents and the opening/closing of the bottles.

Calibration

Traceability: This method has been standardized gravimetrically with synthetic ACTH produced at Roche.

Every Elecsys reagent set has a barcoded label containing specific information for calibration of the particular reagent lot. The predefined master curve is adapted to the analyzer using the relevant CalSet.

Calibration frequency: Calibration must be performed once per reagent lot using fresh reagent (i.e. not more than 24 hours since the reagent kit was registered on the analyzer). Renewed calibration is recommended as follows:

- after 1 month (28 days) when using the same reagent lot
- after 7 days (when using the same reagent kit on the analyzer)
- as required: e.g. quality control findings outside the defined limits

Quality control

For quality control, use PreciControl Multimarker.

In addition, other suitable control material can be used.

Controls for the various concentration ranges should be run individually at least once every 24 hours when the test is in use, once per reagent kit, and following each calibration.

The control intervals and limits should be adapted to each laboratory's individual requirements. Values obtained should fall within the defined limits. Each laboratory should establish corrective measures to be taken if values fall outside the defined limits.

If necessary, repeat the measurement of the samples concerned.

Follow the applicable government regulations and local guidelines for quality control.

Calculation

The analyzer automatically calculates the analyte concentration of each sample either in pg/mL, pmol/L or ng/L (selectable).

Conversion factors: pg/mL x 0.2202 = pmol/L
 pmol/L x 4.541 = pg/mL

Limitations - interference

The assay is unaffected by icterus (bilirubin < 428 µmol/L or < 25 mg/dL), hemolysis (Hb < 0.25 mmol/L or < 0.4 g/dL), lipemia (Intralipid < 1500 mg/dL) and biotin (< 246 nmol/L or < 60 ng/mL).

Criterion: Recovery within ± 15 % of initial value.

Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. > 5 mg/day) until at least 8 hours following the last biotin administration.

No interference was observed from rheumatoid factors up to a concentration of 400 IU/mL.

There is no high-dose hook effect at ACTH concentrations up to 1 x 10⁶ pg/mL.

In vitro tests were performed on 17 commonly used pharmaceuticals. No interference with the assay was found.

However, under ACTH 1-24 medication, ACTH measurement is not recommended, due to negative interference with the sandwich assay.

In rare cases, interference due to extremely high titers of antibodies to analyte-specific antibodies, streptavidin or ruthenium can occur. These effects are minimized by suitable test design.

For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examination and other findings.

Limits and ranges

Measuring range

1.00-2000 pg/mL or 0.220-440 pmol/L (defined by the lower detection limit and the maximum of the master curve). Values below the lower detection limit are reported as < 1.00 pg/mL or < 0.220 pmol/L. Values above the measuring range are reported as > 2000 pg/mL or > 440 pmol/L.

Lower limits of measurement

Lower detection limit of the test

Lower detection limit: 1.00 pg/mL or 0.220 pmol/L

The lower detection limit represents the lowest measurable analyte level that can be distinguished from zero. It is calculated as the value lying two standard deviations above that of the lowest standard (master calibrator, standard 1 + 2 SD, repeatability study, n = 21).

Dilution

Not necessary due to the broad measuring range.

Expected values

Studies with the Elecsys ACTH assay using plasma samples from 354 apparently healthy adults gave the following results (5th-95th percentile): 7.2-63.3 pg/mL (1.6-13.9 pmol/L)

The plasma samples were drawn between 7-10 a.m.

ACTH concentrations vary considerably depending on physiological conditions. Therefore, ACTH results should always be evaluated together with simultaneously measured cortisol concentrations.

Each laboratory should investigate the transferability of the expected values to its own patient population and if necessary determine its own reference ranges.

Specific performance data

Representative performance data on the analyzers are given below. Results obtained in individual laboratories may differ.

Precision

Precision was determined using Elecsys reagents and pooled human plasma in a modified protocol (EP5-A) of the CLSI (Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute): 6 times daily for 10 days (n = 60); repeatability on MODULAR ANALYTICS E170 analyzer, n = 21. The following results were obtained:

Elecsys 2010 and cobas e 411 analyzers								
Sample	Mean		Repeatability			Intermediate precision		
			SD		CV	SD		CV
	pg/mL	pmol/L	pg/mL	pmol/L	%	pg/mL	pmol/L	%
HP ^{c)} 1	4.9	1.08	0.14	0.031	2.9	0.27	0.059	5.4
HP 2	74.2	16.3	1.45	0.319	2.0	1.75	0.385	2.4
HP 3	1390	306	29.8	6.56	2.1	36.2	7.97	2.6

c) HP = human plasma

MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, cobas e 601 and cobas e 602 analyzers					
Sample	Repeatability				
	Mean		SD		CV
	pg/mL	pmol/L	pg/mL	pmol/L	%
HP 1	4.9	1.08	0.13	0.03	2.7
HP 2	64.3	14.2	0.41	0.09	0.6
HP 3	1205	265	7.83	1.72	0.7

MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, cobas e 601 and cobas e 602 analyzers					
Sample	Intermediate precision				
	Mean		SD		CV
	pg/mL	pmol/L	pg/mL	pmol/L	%
HP 1	4.96	1.09	0.266	0.059	5.4
HP 2	76.1	16.8	2.67	0.588	3.5
HP 3	1444	318	53.6	11.8	3.7

Precision was determined using Elecsys reagents and controls in a protocol (EP5-A2) of the CLSI (Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute): 2 runs per day in duplicate each for 21 days (n = 84). The following results were obtained:

Elecsys 2010 and cobas e 411 analyzers								
Sample	Mean		Repeatability			Intermediate precision		
			SD		CV	SD		CV
	pg/mL	pmol/L	pg/mL	pmol/L	%	pg/mL	pmol/L	%
PC MM ^{d)} 1	51.7	11.4	0.517	0.114	1.0	1.12	0.247	2.2
PC MM2	1070	236	11.6	2.55	1.1	25.3	5.57	2.4

d) PC MM = PreciControl Multimarker

MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, cobas e 601 and cobas e 602 analyzers								
Sample	Mean		Repeatability			Intermediate precision		
			SD		CV	SD		CV
	pg/mL	pmol/L	pg/mL	pmol/L	%	pg/mL	pmol/L	%
PC MM1	52.5	11.6	1.91	0.421	3.6	2.70	0.595	5.1
PC MM2	1170	258	28.4	6.25	2.4	49.4	10.9	4.2

Method comparison

A comparison of the Elecsys ACTH assay (y) with a commercially available ACTH test (x) using clinical samples gave the following correlations (pg/mL):

Number of samples measured: 180

Passing/Bablok ¹¹	Linear regression
$y = 1.08x + 1.23$	$y = 0.90x + 8.17$
$r = 0.898$	$r = 0.992$

The sample concentrations were between 5.0 and 941 pg/mL or 1.1 and 207 pmol/L.

Specificity/cross-reactivity

The Elecsys ACTH two-site immunoassay measures intact ACTH 1-39. When ACTH fragments or peptides were added to a patient's plasma sample with defined ACTH concentration, no interference was observed with ACTH 1-10, ACTH 11-24, beta-MSH, and beta-Endorphin.

ACTH fragments (ACTH 1-17, ACTH 1-24, ACTH CLIP 18-39, ACTH 22-39, alpha-MSH 1-13) can bind to one of the antibodies and thereby negatively interfere with the sandwich formation and lead to lower ACTH values as shown in the following table:

Cross reactant	Concentration of cross reactant pg/mL	Apparent ACTH pg/mL	Change in ACTH concentration pg/mL	Cross-reactivity %
None; reference	0	44.1	not applicable	not applicable
ACTH 1-17	50000	10.6	-33.5	-0.07
	5000	36.9	-7.2	-0.14
	500	42.6	-1.5	-0.31
ACTH 1-24	50000	10.2	-33.9	-0.07
	5000	37.9	-6.2	-0.12
	500	42.5	-1.6	-0.32
ACTH 18-39	50000	2.0	-42.1	-0.08
	5000	14.9	-29.2	-0.58
	500	37.0	-7.1	-1.42

Cross reactant	Concentration of cross reactant pg/mL	Apparent ACTH pg/mL	Change in ACTH concentration pg/mL	Cross-reactivity %
None; reference	0	44.1	not applicable	not applicable
ACTH 22-39	50000	0.00	-44.1	-0.09
	5000	6.3	-37.8	-0.76
	500	29.4	-14.7	-2.94
alpha-MSH	50000	12.3	-31.8	-0.06
	5000	34.3	-9.8	-0.20
	500	41.3	-2.8	-0.56

Under ACTH 1-24 medication, ACTH measurement is not recommended. POMC (partially purified from an adenoma cell line) showed an approximately 1.6 % cross-reactivity at 1560 pmol/L which is approximately 40 times the physiological concentration of ACTH precursors in circulation.²

References

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For further information, please refer to the appropriate operator's manual for the analyzer concerned, the respective application sheets, the product information and the Method Sheets of all necessary components (if available in your country).

A point (period/stop) is always used in this Method Sheet as the decimal separator to mark the border between the integral and the fractional parts of a decimal numeral. Separators for thousands are not used.

Symbols

Roche Diagnostics uses the following symbols and signs in addition to those listed in the ISO 15223-1 standard:

CONTENT	Contents of kit
SYSTEM	Analyzers/Instruments on which reagents can be used
REAGENT	Reagent
CALIBRATOR	Calibrator
→	Volume after reconstitution or mixing

GTIN

Global Trade Item Number

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